218 PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY, MARCH 14, 1910.

MONDAY, 14th March 1910.

MR THOMAS ROSS, Vice-President, in the Chair.

A Ballot having been taken, the following were duly elected Fellows:--

JOHN ASHER, Bowerbank, Abbey Road, Scone.

WILLIAM JOHN BEATTIE, Dineiddwg, Milngavie, Stirlingshire.

FRANCIS C. BUCHANAN, Clarinish, Row, Dumbartonshire.

RONALD AUDREY MARTINEAU DIXON, F.G.S., F.R.G.S., 46 Marlborough Avenue, Hull.

CHARLES KER, M.A., C.A., Easterton, Milngavie, Stirlingshire.

The Rev. GEORGE FREDERICK TERRY, F.S.A., F.R.Hist.Soc., Rector of St John's Episcopal Church, 10 Learmonth Terrace.

The following Donations to the Museum and Library were laid on the table, and thanks voted to the Donors :---

(1) By J. GRAHAM CALLANDER, F.S.A. Scot.

Brass Matrix of the Commissariat Seal of Moray, circular, $1\frac{3}{8}$ inches in diameter, bearing in the centre a thistle-head crowned, between the initials c. R., for Charles Rex, and round the margin s-OFFICII-COISSARIAT -MORAVIE. On the back is soldered a semicircular handle plate having a small hole in the upper part for a cord.

(2) By F. T. MACLEOD, F.S.A. Scot.

Jar of light-glazed Stoneware, 8 inches in height, with loop handle attached to the bottle-shaped neck, and a spreading base surrounded with thumb-markings, found three feet deep in peat, in Glendale, Skye.

(3) By the Rev. Canon MACKINTOSH, through JOHN BRUCE, F.S.A. Scot.

Brooch of Brass, composed of a circular flat band about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch in width and $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches in diameter, faintly ornamented on the upper face with incised lines, from the Island of Barra.

Brooch of Brass, composed of a circular flat band slightly bevelled, and plain, 2¹/₄ inches in diameter, pin wanting, from the Island of Eriska, S. Uist.

Brooch of Brass, $1\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter, composed of a circular flat band ornamented with straight lines across the band in relief, from the Island of Eriska, S. Uist.

(4) By the Provost and Magistrates of Stromness.

An Official Guide to Stromness.

(5) By RICHARD QUICK, the Author.

Catalogue (with illustrations) of the Bowles Collection of Tokens, Coins, Medals, etc., in the Bristol Art Gallery and Museum.

(6) By the Archæological Survey of India.

Annual Reports of the Archæological Survey of India, 1905-06, Part 2, and 1906-07.

(7) By R. COLTMAN CLEPHANE, F.S.A. Scot., the Author.

An Outline of the History of Gunpowder and the Hand-Gun to the End of the 15th Century.

(8) By His Grace the DUKE OF HAMILTON, through the Rev. Colin CAMPBELL, M.A., D.D.

The Sarcophagus of Pabassa in Hamilton Palace, described by the Rev. Dr Colin CAMPBELL, 4tó. 1910.

(9) By the MASTER OF THE ROLLS.

Calendar of Patent Rolls, Richard II., 1396-99; Henry IV., vol. iv., 1408-13; Henry VI., vol. v., 1446-52; Calendar of State Papers, Domestic, 1676-77; Calendar of State Papers, Venetian, 1617-19; Calendar of Close Rolls, Edward III., vol. xi., 1360-64.

220 PROCEEDINGS OF THE SOCIETY, MARCH 14, 1910.

There were exhibited :---

(1) By Mr JAMES ISLES, Blairgowrie, through Mr THOMAS Ross, Vice-President.

A circular Cup of steatitic stone (fig. 1), $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in height and $3\frac{1}{4}$ inches in diameter at the lip, which has a thickness of rather more than half an inch, and is broken away on one side; the hollow of the cup, which is approximately hemispherical, measures $2\frac{1}{4}$ inches in diameter and $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in depth, the sides slightly bulging on the exterior, and

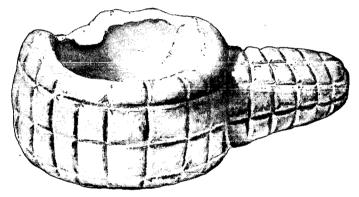


Fig. 1. Stone Cup found at Inchtuthil, Perthshire. (3).

the bottom flat. At one side is a conical projecting handle, 2 inches in length and about $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches in diameter at its junction with the cup, tapering slightly to the further end. The exterior is marked by a series of deeply incised lines, three of which, running horizontally round the bowl of the cup about $\frac{3}{4}$ inch apart, are continued along the handle, and are crossed at intervals varying from $\frac{3}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ inch by vertical lines, dividing the exterior surface into a series of panels rather irregular in size. It was found at Inchtuthil, where there is an ancient native promontory fort in close proximity to the Roman Camp the excavation of which is described in the *Proceedings*, vol. xxxvi. p. 230.

[The cup has since been acquired for the Museum.]

(2) By Mr John R. Ker, through Mr J. G. Robertson.

Stirrup of Bronze, $5\frac{1}{4}$ inches in length, the opening at widest $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches, ornamented with a trefoil 1 inch in length and $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch in breadth, turned over outwardly from the circular centre of the foot-plate, and on the sides with a series of dotted chevrons, found many years ago when draining a bog in the vicinity of Hawick, Roxburghshire.

The following communications were read :---