Monday, 10th May 1909.

W. G. SCOTT-MONCRIEFF, Sheriff-Substitute of Lanarkshire, in the Chair.

A Ballot having been taken, the following were duly elected:-

Honorary Fellow, recommended by the Council.

The Hon. Sir Schomberg M'Donnell, K.C.B., C.V.O., Secretary of H.M. Office of Works and Public Buildings, London.

Fellows.

OSWALD BARCLAY, Inland Revenue Office, 17 Gayfield Square. GEORGE J. EWEN-WATSON, W.S., Pembroke Lodge, Murrayfield. John Malcolm, Teacher, Alexandra Cottage, Monifieth, Forfarshire. John Macdonald, Hotel Proprietor, Sutherland Arms Hotel, Golspie. WILLIAM MANSON, Searcher of Records, 18 Esslemont Road. CHARLES RICHARD WHITTAKER, F.R.C.S., 12 Fountainhall Road.

The following Donations to the Museum and Library were laid on the table, and thanks voted to the Donors:—

(1) By H.M. Board of Works, through W. T. Oldrieve, F.S.A. Scot.

Quernstone and part of another, oblong Whetstone, and three Hammer-Stones, from the Broch of Clickamin, Shetland.

(2) By J. Graham Callander, F.S.A. Scot.

Eleven Communion Tokens of the Church of Scotland, viz.:—Culsalmond M/WG; M/WC; M/IA; M/IB; and M/FE 1823; Insch 1685 and 1854, and 2 varieties with no date; Meldrum 1745, and one with the figure 3, incuse, within a heptagon.

- (3) By Archibald Cook, through J. A. Balfour, F.S.A. Scot.
- Leaf-shaped Arrow-head of pitchstone, $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches in length by $\frac{5}{8}$ of an inch in breadth, found at Corriegil, in Arran.
 - (4) By the Keeper of the Records of Scotland.

Accounts of the Lord High Treasurer of Scotland. Edited by Sir James Balfour Paul, LL.D., F.S.A. Scot., Lord Lyon King-at-Arms. Vol. VIII. A.D. 1541-1546. 8vo. 1909.

(5) By D. W. MARWICK, W.S.

The River Clyde and the Clyde Burghs. By the late Sir James D. Marwick, LL.D. With a Memoir. 4to. 1909.

(6) By R. C. CHALLONER, the Author.

An old Kilmarnock Seaside Suburb: Topographical, Historical, and Personal Notes on Barassie. 12mo. 1909.

(7) By Professor Francis Pierrepont Barnard, M.A., F.S.A. Scot.

English Antiquities and the Universities: an Inaugural Lecture delivered on invitation to the Chair of Mediæval Archæology in the University of Liverpool. 8vo. 1909.

(8) By A. Thieullen.

Études Préhistoriques—La Question des Pierres-Figures—Sculpture aux temps quaternaires. 8vo. 1909.

(9) By the ADYAR LIBRARY, MADRAS.

Descriptive Catalogue of the Sanskrit Manuscripts in the Adyar Library, Madras. Vol. I. 8vo. 1908.

(10) By the Danish National Museum, Historical Section.

Drikkehorn og Solvtoi fra Middelalder og Renaissance, ved Jorgen Olrik. Avec un résumé en Français. Fol. 1909.

(11) By S. G. PERCIVAL, Clifton, Bristol.

Two Belt-buckle Mountings of bronze or brass, and a triangular double plate of bronze or copper riveted together having a conical socket at one side, from Bristol.

(12) By David Campbell, Kirkland, Gogar.

Charter by John Lundie, fiar of Stratherlie, to James Lundie younger, and Elspeth Henrison his spouse, of the parts of Stratherlie called The Keiris, and Damside, in the Parish of Largo, 2nd June 1660.

The following purchases acquired by the Purchase Committee for the Museum and Library during the session, 30th November to 10th May, were exhibited:—

Two bronze Palstaves or flanged Axe-heads 6 inches and $6\frac{7}{8}$ inches in length, found together in 1906 at Craig-a-Bhodaich, Parish of Farr, Sutherland. [See the previous paper by the Rev. Angus Mackay, M.A., Corr. Mem. S.A. Scot.]

Leaden Badge of Charles I., found at Plewlands.

Small Whetstone perforated, found on Howtil Farm, Tweedside.

Stone Hammer-head, from Sandwick, Orkney, and a stone Whorl inscribed in Runes, both figured in the *Proceedings*, vol. xxxii. pp. 320-21.

Iron Battle-axe of the Viking period, and an iron Spear-head found in Orkney.

Steatite Urn from a pre-historic grave in Westray, Orkney.

Stone-sinker, with groove round the sides, from Kirkwall.

Spade-like Implement of stone, from Stromness.

Six rude stone Implements, from Mainland, Orkney.

Cruisie of copper, and five others of iron, one of which is square-shaped, from Orkney.

A hanging Candle-holder of iron, with twisted stem, from Orkney.

Four Bismars, for weighing on the principle of the steelyard, one of ebony, the others of other kinds of commoner wood, from Orkney.

- A Spade, with wooden handle, the blade of bone, probably a scapula of a cetacean, from Orkney.

Large Mallet, the handle of wood, the mallet-head a perforated vertebra of a cetacean, from Orkney.

Urn of Drinking Cup type from Blackhills, Tyrie, Aberdeenshire. [See the previous communication by J. Graham Callander, F.S.A. Scot.]

Finger Ring of gold, of sixteenth century, enamelled, and set with a diamond, dug up at Turnberry, Ayrshire (Treasure Trove).

Socketed Axe, and a socketed Gouge of bronze, found together at Tynehead, Midlothian.

Brass Candlestick and a Jet Bead, from Tweedside.

The following Books for the Library:—Berry's translation of Schiern's Life of Bothwell; Fell's Iron Industry of Furness; Ephemeris Epigraphica, from 1875, 9 vols.; The English Dialect Dictionary, 6 vols., 4to; Dalton's Scottish Army, 1661–1688; An Album of 54 Drawings of Scottish Antiquities, chiefly by Francis Grose; Anderson's Scottish Annals from English Chronicles; Ashdown's British and Foreign Arms and Armour; Fox-Davies's Complete Guide to Heraldry; The Book of the Old Edinburgh Club; Beaton's Ecclesiastical History of Caithness; Old Ross-shire and Scotland as seen in the Tain and Balgownie Documents.

There were also exhibited:-

By Mr Donald Mackenzie, Inland Revenue, Bonar Bridge.

Beautifully ornamented Hammer of hornstone found at Airdens, and a stone Implement of unknown use found in a tumulus on Druimliadh, near Bonar Bridge. The ornamented stone hammer, which is of a very rare and beautiful type, is described and figured in a subsequent paper by Dr Joseph Anderson. The other stone implement is shown of the

actual size in fig. 1. It is made of a greyish serpentine and is of square columnar form in the under part, topped by a conically rounded upper part, which rises from the square portion with a less diameter than the side of the square, so as to leave a slight margin all round. The columnar part is 1 inch in height and $\frac{5}{8}$ of an inch square. It is pierced horizontally a little above the middle of its height by two perforations, each $\frac{1}{8}$ of an inch in diameter, which pass through from side to side, intersecting accurately in the centre. The conical part is $\frac{1}{2}$ an inch in height and has a small hole sunk vertically in the apex to a depth of



Fig. 1. Stone Implement from Druimliadh. (\frac{1}{4}.)

about $\frac{1}{8}$ of an inch. The whole surface is polished, and on the sides and edges of the square part are groups of faintly scratched lines, the meaning of which is not apparent.

The following Communications were read:—